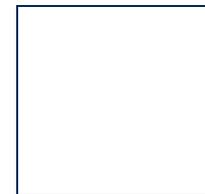


# Stress Testing: An Overview

## October 24, 2011

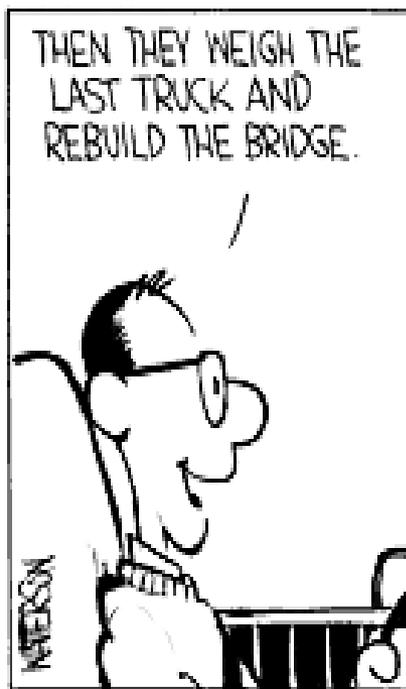


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- Why we're here:
  - Stress testing is a popular topic these days
  - Lots of discussion about supervisory expectations for stress testing
- Today, we plan to provide you with:
  - Some background on stress testing in general
  - A quick look at some general applications of stress testing fundamentals







## Shortcomings of traditional financial risk management practices:

- Overly reliant on past experience
- Assumed current economic environment
- Static view of capital
- Ignore “knock-on” effects





- One current definition:
  - Exercises used to conduct a forward-looking assessment of the potential impact of various adverse events and circumstances on a banking organization
  
- At its core, stress testing asks:
  - What could go wrong, and how might that impact my firm?



- Can be as simple as tweaks to some key business, economic, and financial assumptions
- Gives bankers more information to make key business decisions
- Is a tool that has application for risk management, capital planning, and liquidity planning
  - *It is a means, not an end*
- The process of stress testing can be more useful than the specific numbers it produces





# Fundamentals and Applications of Stress Testing





- Start with the facts
  - Portfolio size, composition, current risks
- Loss estimation methodology
  - How will these characteristics manifest themselves in terms of losses and growth rates
- Interim results
  - What does this approach tell me?
- Add Judgment
  - In my opinion, this over/under estimates risk because ...
  - Judgment needs to be applied transparently
- Final Conclusions (but not just one number!)





- **\$200 million community bank with CRE concentrations**
  - **28 percent of loans are residential real estate**
  - **22 percent of loans are consumer and other**

**Total Assets**            \$ 200,000,000  
**Total Loans**            \$ 135,000,000  
**Tier 1 Capital (10)%**    \$ 20,000,000

<b>Construction to Tier 1</b>	<b>216%</b>
<b>Total CRE to Tier 1</b>	<b>338%</b>

	<b>Residential</b>	<b>Construction</b>	<b>CRE</b>	<b>Consumer</b>	<b>Other</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Exposure</b>	37,800,000	43,200,000	24,300,000	18,900,000	10,800,000	135,000,000
<b>Provision (percent)</b>	0.07%	0.10%	0.20%	1.00%	0.50%	
<b>Provision (dollars)</b>	26,460	43,200	48,600	189,000	54,000	361,260
<b>ALLL</b>	378,000	432,000	243,000	189,000	108,000	1,350,000





## Consider Three Potential Scenarios:

	<u>Residential</u>	<u>Construction</u>	<u>CRE</u>	<u>Consumer</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>Total</u>
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1) ***Housing market slowdown impacts residential and construction loans***

House prices drop 10%, causing 10% of residential loans to lose 10% each

Average sales price of new home falls 10%, causing 15% of construction loans to lose 25%

Slight increase in CRE loans correlated to housing markets

<b>Losses</b>	<b>378,000</b>	<b>1,620,000</b>	<b>145,800</b>	<b>189,000</b>	<b>54,000</b>	<b>2,386,800</b>
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2) ***Recession causes across-the-board losses***

House prices drop 5%, causing 5% to lose 10% each, construction has 5% loss, CRE has 4% loss

<b>Losses</b>	<b>189,000</b>	<b>648,000</b>	<b>291,600</b>	<b>378,000</b>	<b>108,000</b>	<b>1,614,600</b>
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3) ***Loss of a few large borrowers***

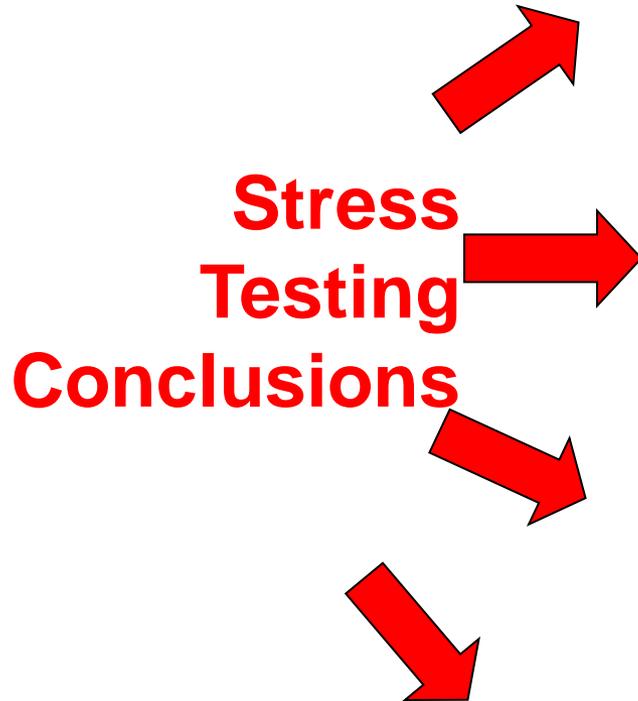
Lose 4 large construction lenders at 90% of legal lending limit. Each has 30% loss

<b>Losses</b>	<b>26,460</b>	<b>14,580,000</b>	<b>48,600</b>	<b>189,000</b>	<b>54,000</b>	<b>14,898,060</b>
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## Uses of Analysis



## Strategic Planning

Should earnings and growth forecasts be adjusted given the base scenarios and stress results?  
Should our risk tolerances be adjusted?

## Capital Planning

How will our capital adequacy be affected under various stress scenarios?  
Are contingency plans in place to ensure capital remains appropriate for the level & nature of risk?

## Risk Management

Which products and markets are most at risk in a stressed environment?  
To what extent will our asset quality be adversely affected?

## Individual Lending Decisions

Do we have the ability to strengthen or restructure individual credits that may be at risk?





# Questions?





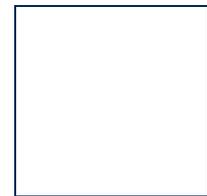
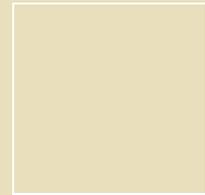
# Appendix





- SR 10-6: Funding and Liquidity Risk Management
- SR 10-1: Interest Rate Risk Management
- SR 09-4: Capital Planning
- SR 09-1: Application of Market Risk Rule (only for banks with assets in excess of \$1 billion)
- SR 07-1: Concentrations in Commercial Real Estate
- SR 99-23: Recent Trends in Bank Lending Standards for Commercial Loans





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